

recover data pertaining to a particular application is refused access to this data. ~~Indeed, the~~ The bits of the state register in this case are different from the bits that might correspond to a call instruction DCALL of
5 the particular application in question.

The addresses ~~which it is sought to be~~ accessed and the bits of the register R₇ sent by the microprocessor ~~by means of the~~ via link 230₇ are compared with each other in the access controller of
10 ~~access to the memory 220. Should it be the case that~~ If the addresses of the memory ~~that it is sought to be~~ accessed are not addresses belonging to the authorized field of the last application having performed a call instruction DCALL ~~type call, then a piece of~~
15 information on illegal access ~~prohibits access to these memories to the memory is prohibited.~~

The device according to the invention thus provides great security in the sense that data elements ~~destined~~ intended for one application cannot be used by
20 another application.

_____ A second register CS makes it possible to retain in memory a code proper to the applications that were active at the last call instruction DCALL sent by the current application, namely those that are to be
25 performed following the current application.

When the current application has ~~finished being executed~~ completed execution, a return instruction DRET is executed by the microprocessor and the data elements contained in the second register CS enable a
30 return to the application that was being performed previously and had been activated by a call instruction DCALL. The register R is also updated.

The second register CS cannot be directly accessed by the applications of the chip card. This is
35 ~~in order~~ to ensure the integrity of the device when it

is put into operation during the execution of a return instruction DRET.

_____ When the execution of the current application is finished, the bits of the register R
5 assume a value specific to the application that was being performed previously, restoring its rights and limits in terms of memory access.

_____ The memory zone access device according to the invention gives a high level of security in terms
10 of access to the different zones of the memory, for a software architecture such as the one shown in Figure 1.

WHAT THAT WHICH IS CLAIMED IS:-

1. A device for access to applications of a chip card comprising a microprocessor associated with an operating system working with a set of instructions, a program memory and a battery of applications in a
5 memory of the chip card, wherein the device comprises:

—a register of the microprocessor to store a code, on several check bits, proper to an entity brought into play,

—a call instruction and an instruction for
10 the return of the set of instructions to instantaneously and automatically update the register during the action by a new entity,

—a checking device for the checking, as a function of the check bits, of the authorized nature of
15 the access to the zones of the memory of the chip card by the new entity that is called or takes action in the chip card,

—a first link to transmit the check bits from the microprocessor to the checking device.

2. A device for access to applications of a chip card according to claim 1, comprising a second register to store a code proper to the applications active at the time of the last call instruction sent.

3. A device for access to applications of a chip card according to one of the claims 1 or 2, wherein the entity that is called or takes action in the chip card is an application of the battery of
5 applications.

4. A device for access to applications of a chip card according to one of the claims 1 or 2, wherein the entity is a hardware event.